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The Wilmington Post

VOLUME XV. WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA, SUNDAY, JAN. 29, 1882. Single Copies 5 Cents NUMBER 5.

WILMINGTON POST

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second Class Matter.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Eight (8) lines, Nonpareil type, constitute a square.

Fifty cents per line for the first insertion and twenty-five cents per line for each additional insertion.

All advertisements will be charged at the above rates, except on special contracts.

The subscription price to THE WILMINGTON POST is $2 00 per year; six months $1 00.

All communications on business must be addressed to THE WILMINGTON POST, Wilmington, N. C.

MASS MEETING.

The Republicans of Brunswick county propose to call a meeting of the citizens of said county to meet in the court house in Smithville, on Saturday 18th of February, instant, to consult upon the subject of the prohibition to colored men serving as jurors in this county. We hope there may be a general turnout.

W. H. CRAIG,
JOSEPH SPELLS,
ABRAHAM HANKINS,
WHITFIELD GRIFFIN,
J. W. SMITH.
ROBERT C. SMITH.

TO THE COLORED CITIZENS OF PENDER COUNTY.

BURGAW, Pender County, N. C., January 21st, 1882,

There will be a convention of the colored citizens of Pender county at Burgaw, at 11 o'clock a. m. on the 11th day of February next, for the purpose of taking steps looking to the enforcement of the rights of the colored citizens in the courts. The colored citizens of the various townships will please hold meetings on the 4th day of February, at 12 m. for the purpose of electing delegates to said convention.

ALFRED LLOYD,
G. W. CARR,
W. MCINTIRE,
J. B. MCCLEESE.

I approve of the above call.

A. V. HORRELL,
Chairman Rep. Com

A SUCCESS IS WHAT WE WANT.

There is no man in North Carolina who will sacrifice more for the Republican party than we. There are none who will do more for its success than we. And we will welcome with open arms all sincere anti-bourbons who will come in and aid us in carrying North Carolina in behalf of local self-government, equal rights before the law for all men regardless of color, and a free ballot and a fair count. We hate the name of bourbon; let it be a Democratic bourbon, or one of the rule or ruin Republican bourbons. We endorse Green B, Raum in his endeavors to redeem the south on a more liberal platform. We gladly fall into line and support Chester A. Arthur in his determination to see a free ballot and a fair count in the south. But whatever we do we shall always be Republican, in favor of the Republican platform, and inside of the Republican party lines. And George C. Graham in making his efforts to combined all the opponents of Democracy and carry the south, shall have our undivided support. Success is what we want.

GRANT VS. HOLDEN.

Hon. Hugh Bond put down the kuklux with the civil law backed by President U. S. Grant; the military arm was not called in. And had Gov. Holden enforced the law through his state courts and sent the kuklux to the gallows or the penitentiary, as their crime merited, North Carolina would today be Republican. North Carolinians will never submit to the bayonet, but they love civil law, and will stand by the man who enforces it.

We publish a letter in another column from John Sanders, Lieut. commanding company "H." of the 10th regiment, at the close of the war. Mr. Sanders was a gallant and popular officer, and for six months previous to the end of the war commanded his company. We are glad he endorses the reunion of companies G and H, on the 26th of April next. We would like to hear from some of the "boys."

Good news from the west! We learn from the Salisbury *Examiner* that the Western N. C. Railroad has been completed to Paint Rock, the last bar of iron laid and the trains now ready to pass over. This is truly good news and we congratulate our western friends on their good fortune.

The Union League Executive Committee will meet in Washington on the 7th of February next.

A Great Obligation.

"I am indebted for my life," says Judge F. M. Brooks, of Columbus, Ga., "to Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure."

THE UNIVERSITY READERS.

Continuing our review of these books we have to remark, that throughout the series, there seems to be a lack of settled notions in relation to the grammar of our language. Numerous examples could be given; take the following: A little boy personated the doctor, and prescribed for himself. He then asks,—"mother are you NOT going to mind the doctor?" "Perhaps I had better," said his mother. "How could she refuse the little fellow." (2 reader, p. 34.) "Perhaps I had better"—better what? "Not going to mind"—but the request was granted. Then grant that the intention was to say—"perhaps I had better mind!" but what kind of a verb is *had* mind? There is no such verb in the language. To use mind as a verb is absurd, but if we use it at all, we should use it grammatically. We might say, *may mind*, but not "*had mind.*" *Had minded*, would make the grammar correct, but it would destroy the sense, provided we admit that there is any sense in it. Really the question and answer taken together do not express an intelligible idea at all.

"Well if that is not very funny."—Ridiculous!" (3d reader, p. 32.)

PUNCTUATION.

The punctuation in these readers is very imperfect, and is not consistent with itself. The same rules do not prevail throughout general usage, for the last few years; it has been drifting toward more freedom and simplicity in punctuation. Often where strict rules would require a comma, it is omitted—and where a semi colon was used, the comma takes the place—semi-colons often take the places of colons, and the colon is seldom used. Whether this usage is to be recommended or not, is not whin our present purpose. What we wish to say is, that in this series of readers, the *backward* tendency is obvious. Adopting an imperfect definition for the comma, and adhering to it too tenaciously betrayed the compiler into numerous errors in over minuteness.

"A crow, ready to die with thirst," &c., (3d reader, p. 66.)

When an important clause comes between the subject and the verb, it may have a comma before and after it; sometimes only before the verb, and if unimportant, no comma is used. In the above there is no call for a comma between *crow* and *ready*.

Throughout the readers the most trifling interruption has a comma before and after it. (Same piece.) "If one plan will not bring about the end we wish, some other plan, perhaps, may." There is no possible reason why a comma should be placed before and after *perhaps*. There is a reason why the pause after *wish*,—should be a semi-colon and not a comma. The pause after *wish* is obvious, while there is no perceptible pause before and after *perhaps*. (same connection.) "If at first we do not succeed, why, let us try again." Erase from this sentence both the WHY and its two commas, and it will be greatly improved.

In our next article we will give a few more examples of defective pronunciation. If we are in error as to any of our criticisms, a favor will be confered by any one who will point out such error or errors. All we desire is, to present the books as they really are.

Capt. Thomas Johnson, of Sumter, S. C., has been nominated for the position of Collector of Customs at Charleston, S. C., in place of Baldwin, whose time had expired. South Carolina has a great many very excellent men who belong to the Republican party, but at the very top of the heap we find Taft, Mackey and Johnson. Mr. W. M. Mackey is the rightfully elected member of Congress, General W. N. Taft is the popular and able postmaster at Charleston. And now the people have the next best man in the state for collector of customs. His confirmation ought to be at once, and unanimous, which we hope will be the case.

The colored convention is to be held at Goldsboro on the 29th day of March, to consider the question of their rights in the courts of the state, and is sincerely wished by all their friends that every county in the state will be fully represented. Let the question be properly agitated and put before the good people of North Carolina, and we have no doubt of a successful result.

Every colored man in North Carolina is personally interested in the question of colored men sitting on juries, and every white man who is in favor of equal rights for all men, regardless of color in the courts of the state should join the colored citizens in making a square fight for the full enforcement of the law in fact as well as in name.

Subscribers who fail to get their paper regularly and promptly will please notify us either by postal card or letter at once.

[From the Commercial News.]

OLD OCEAN.

Roll on, old ocean, with thy ceaseless roar,
Wash with thy sapphire waves the rock-bound shore,
And dash before the breeze thy sparkling spray,
Each globule lit with phosphorescent ray,
Far eastward thou art sleeping 'neath a summer's moon,
While shoreward breaks the surf with mournful tune;
The hardy sailor o'er thy bosom glides,
Unmindful of thy treacherous, eddying tides,
And brings a precious freight from foreign shore,
And doth commercial wealth into our coffers pour.
Beneath thy heaving crest, in coral caves
Lay countless bleaching forms in consecrated graves;
And thou shalt be their winding sheet, oh sea,
'Till all's fulfilled, and "time no more shall be."

EDWARD A. OLDHAM.

NEWBERN, N. C.

Mr. Reily, special agent postoffice department, is in the city.

Hon. James H. Harriss, the able and gifted orator of North Carolina, is in Washington.

Hon. Lewis Hines, one of the best newspaper men in North Carolina and a statesman of great ability, is dead, in his 56th year.

Hon. W. P. Mabson, of Edgecombe, and brother to our talented young lawyer, Col. George L. Mabson, of this city, was elected principal of the colored free school of Tarboro by a vote of two to one, a very just compliment to our able educator.

SANDER'S STORE, N. C., Jan. 26, 1882.

W. P. Canaday, Esq:

DEAR SIR:—Your communication published January 22, 1882, inviting officers and soldiers of Companys G. and H., 10th regiment, N. C. troops, to give their opinions as to the project of a reunion on the 26th of April next, the anniversary of their surrender, was read, and met with my approbation, and if generally concurred in we shall likely have a very pleasant greeting of old comrades in the civil war. In haste

Yours, J. W. SANDERS,

Pender County, N. C. January 21st, 1882.

HON. W. P. CANADAY,

DEAR SIR:—My regards first, after which you will find enclosed postage stamps to the amount of one dollar to pay on my subscription to your valuable paper, the Wilmington POST. I was pleased to see in the POST that you and Mr. Horrell enjoyed your visit to and from Jacksonville, on the sixth and 7th instants—the people of Onslow think well of the name of W. P. Canaday, and also that of Mr. Horrell.

I returned home on Tuesday, the 8th instant. There is nothing new in Grant township; the farmers are getting ready for this years' crop. These lines leave myself and family in the enjoyment of good health, and I truly hope yourself and family are in good health. Write soon, and give me the news.

Respectfully yours.

ALFRED LLOYD,

The tetotalers are not in ecstacies over the workings of the new total prohibition law in Kansas. With a wise local option law, vigorously enforced, Kansas was reputed to be one of the most temperate states in the Union, but when the temperance folks took another degree and south to bury old John Barleycorn forever out of mind by statutory prohibition, they unwisely slew the hen that laid the golden egg

The burning of the bonded warehouse in New York has thrown about a million lbs. of damaged tea upon the market, which is bought at a low price, as it is dug from the ruins, and being doctored by those in the business, will be sold to consumers. It is called Chromo tea.

CITY ITEMS.

The Cape Fear is reported to be falling.

Dr. Green is frescoing the interior of his store.

At last accounts Judge French was still improving.

Rev. R. O. Burton, P. E., is holding quarterly meeting at Whiteville.

A Council of the Legion of Honor was instituted at Bladenboro last week.

Several tramps were before the Mayor during the past week and ordered to leave town.

No marriage licenses were issued by the Register of Deeds during the past week.

Nearly everybody is being vaccinated in anticipation of a possible visit from the small-pox. An entire colored school marched in procession to the office of the Superintendent of Health, on Monday last, for that purpose.

The Post is only $2 00 per annum.

A good many northerners are passing through this city on their way to Florida.

Lewis Larkins, colored, was fined $5 by Mayor Smith for fast driving on Nutt street on Monday morning last.

Rev. A. D. Mayo, of Boston, Mass., will preach in Tileston Upper Room this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The public are cordially invited.

There will be a baptising at the foot of Princess street, this afternoon, at 4 o'clock, conducted by the Rev. A. M. Conway of the First Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Campbell streets.

Rev. S. P. Watters, rector of the Episcopal church at Newport, R. I., and formerly a resident of this city, has accepted a call to the charge of the Episcopal church at Morganton, in this State.

Bishop Thomas E. Lomax, of the A. M. E. Zion Church, was in the city yesterday. He is in good health, and we learn will preach to-day at the Christian Chapel, corner of 7th and Church streets.

John Watson, a white man, was arrested a few days since for committing an aggravated assault and battery upon Mr. Samuel Bear, and was ordered by Justice Gardner to pay a fine of $50 in lieu of which he was sent to jail for thirty days.

A postal was received from Sheriff Manning, yesterday, written on the cars, en route for Maine, to the effect that Hon. Timothy Walker, the father of Mrs. Manning, at whose bedside she had been for some weeks past, had just died, and that the last sad rites over the remains would be performed yesterday.

Two brothers, Frank and Jordan Baker, colored, were arrested Friday night on suspicion because one of them had a bag of cotton in his possession. There was no evidence before the Mayor yesterday morning that they came by the cotton dishonestly, and they were thereupon released.

DEATHS DURING THE WEEK.—In Oakdale Cemetery: Sarah Beldon, 10 months, convulsions; child of J. Garrell, 15 days, disease unknown. Bellevue Cemetery: Donald M. Cameron, 14 days. Pine Forest Cemetery: Augustus Davis, inflammation of lungs; Clara Lewis, phtisis pulmonaris; infant, disease unknown; Wm. Evans, 2 years, marasmus; Lydia Howe, 34 years, peritinitis.

TOO MUCH TEMPER LEADETH TO STRIFE.—A colored seaman by the name of James Bland, who came here on the brig Nellie Husted, from Martinique, which put in at this port some weeks ago in distress, was before Mayor Smith yesterday morning, charged with striking and otherwise maltreating his wife. The wife gave in her testimony, and the husband was then put on the stand, the evidence indicating that the difficulty was the result of too much temper on both sides; and when the Mayor intimated that he might deem it his duty to put the offender in jail, the wife commenced pleading for him. Finally judgment was suspended upon the payment of costs and the defendant was discharged with a warning.

DEEDS, MORTGAGE, &C.—The following deeds, mortgages, &c., were issued during the past week by the proper officers:

Deeds.—Susan Redding to W T Costin; Robert Henning, executor of Jas Cassidey, to C L Grafflin; J N Mahn and wife to Adrian & Vollers; Mary D Drake, Catharine Heide and Rebecca Heine, power attorney to Daniel G Fowle, Raleigh; R E McCumber and wife to Wm McBride; John D Bellamy and wife to Jane Prout; A S Heide and wife to E G Barker; W J Sutton to G W Williams & Co.; J G Oldenbuttel and wife to Mr. Orten; D J Gilbert and wife to W A French; R B Nixon to Trustees University North Carolina; Adrian & Vollers and wives to E W Flake; Mary D Drake, Catharine Heide, A S Heide and R E Heide to D G Fowle; L Hansen and wife to Andrew Smith; Andrew Smith and wife to Ludwig Sanses; W A Jordon and wife and W B McKoy to W B McKoy; Sol Beaves and wife to Jacob Freeman; Sanders & Blackwood to E J Penny-packer, power of attorney; R Bradley and wife to L Vollers.

Mortgages—J T Wilkin and wife to L Vollers; W D Robinson to J A Springer; J W Taylor and wife to Jeanie Mann; A D Brown and wife, Wilkin Reddick to James Dawson, lease; O A Powell to R E Calder; Jacob Freeman to Sol Reaves.

Bond—Mary Emma, orphan, bound out to Jane Taylor; James Anderson to Lucy Waddell; Chas W Anderson to Lucy Waddell.

NORTH CAROLINA FARMER, Messrs. J. H. Ennis & Son, publishers are always looking out for the interest of the farmers of the state and their subscribers. They make the exceedingly liberal offer now of 12 papers of assorted garden seeds to each subscriber. Send in your names.

Hon. Albion W. Tourgee appears in a new role. On the first of February a new paper will be started in Philadelphia, called *Our Continent*, by "Our Continent" Publishing Company, with Judge A. W. Tourgee as editor. When the first number of the paper is received we will have more to say about it. See prospectus of said paper.

At a meeting in the interest of the Clinton and Point Caswell Railroad, held at the latter place, a few days ago nearly $5,000 was subscribed in aid o, the enterprise, and it was the general opinion of those present that at the next meeting the sum of $10,000 would be raised. Now if Wilmington will make a liberal subscription, its friends say, the road will surely be built.

FIRE ON THE SOUND.—A dwelling house on what is known as the Stokley plantation, on Wrightsville Sound, now the property of Mr. Wm. Larkins and others, was destroyed by fire a few nights ago. It was occupied by Mr. Elijah Williamson, who did not discover that the house was on fire until the roof was nearly ready to fall in, when himself and family escaped, with most of their furniture.

PREACH HIS WAY HOME.—Mr. Geo Z. French tells a very good joke on him himself. A few days ago one of his colored employees said to his brother, Mr. Jos. French, that the old man, (referring to Mr. George Z. French) was a very slick talking man. Why, says the colored employee, if the old man was away from home, and got strapped, he could preach his way back without the slightest trouble. All who know Mr. G. Z. will join the colored man in his opinion.

CRAZY ON RELIGIOUS SUBJECTS.—James Anderson, a well known colored drayman, was arrested Monday night, and his house on Ninth, between Red Cross and Campbell streets. It seems that he had been acting strangely for some time past, and on the night in question cries of distress were heard issuing from the room occupied by Anderson. Neighbors, who went to the rescue, found the door locked, and, upon admittance being refused, and the cries continuing, forced the door open and found Anderson in the act of choking his son, a lad about 14 or 15 years of age. He was taken to the guard house, and the next morning, upon being arraigned before the Mayor, the evidence was such as to convince His Honor that the man was crazy, whereupon he was turned over to the county authorities. He was afterwards examined, in accordance with law, and pronounced insane and ordered to be confined in the insane department at the County Poor House. His insanity proved to be of a religious nature, his actions, he claimed, being the result of spiritual influences.

ACCEPTANCE OF THE WATER WORKS BY THE CITY.—At a called meeting of the Board of Aldermen, held Friday night, the special committee on the contract with the Water Works Company reported at length through their chairman, Alderman Chadbourn, reviewing all the objections that had been urged against the acceptance of the works as tendered, at the same time giving the substance of the contract between the city and the Water Works Company.

The reading of the report having been concluded, Alderman Telfair moved that it be received, which motion was adopted.

Alderman Chadbourn offered the following resolution:

WHEREAS, The fitness of the water for domestic use is a question for private consumers to decide for themselves; therefore be it

Resolved, That the tender of the Water Works be accepted as an entire fulfilment of the contract with the Water Works Company in every respect, and that the 1st payment under said contract shall be made on the first day of March, 1882, for service during the month of February, 1882.

The yeas and nays being called Alderman Chadbourn's resolution was adopted by the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Worth, Chadbourn, Northrop, Alderman, Bowden Telfair, Sampson and Willis—8.

Nays—Alderman Huggins—1.

Mayor Smith offered the following:

WHEREAS, It appears by the report of the committee on Water Works that the said works are not completed according to contract; and the Board of Health having pronounced the water to be supplied not fit for domestic purposes, I protest against the acceptance of the works as presented.

The Post is only $2 00 per annum.

LOCAL SHORTS.

Eggs have been down to 16 and 20 cents per dozen during the past week.

Wheeler, the abductor of the Cartwright child, in Columbus county, is in jail.

Col. J. R. Davis, formerly of the Purcell House, was in town during the past week.

This season has been famous for the frequent sudden changes that have taken place in the weather.

The steamer *Elizabeth*, on the line between this city and Smithville, is laid up for extensive repairs, and is to have a new propeller.

Up to last accounts there had been a gain of 12,495 bales in the receipts of cotton for the present crop year, over that of the previous one.

Henry Robinson was up before one of the magistrates on Friday, charged with beating his wife. He paid the costs and was discharged.

Two or three ladies, engaged in business, were hauled up before one of the magistrates last week for failure to list and pay their schedule B taxes.

Mr. John A. Lamb, son of Mr. Geo. P. Lamb, of this city, had his foot badly mashed at the Phosphate Works, near Charleston, a week or so ago.

There was a sudden change in temperature on Wednesday. In the early morning the thermometer registered 32 degrees. Before night the mercury was down to 30.

A new steamer was launched from Capt. Sam Skinner's marine railway on Tuesday and christened Lillington. She will run between this city and some point in Pender.

A fortune telling tramp was arrested and taken before the Mayor Wednesday morning, who released him on the strength of a promise that he would leave the city immediately.

Rev. Dr. G. D. Bernheim, formerly of St. Paul's Lutheran church, of this city, was unanimously elected President of North Carolina College, at Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus county, N. C., a few days since.

The Pauper's Cemetery south of the [illegible] should be inclosed, and we hope the matter will be attended to, by the proper authorities. It is a shame that so many graves should be left exposed to the depredations of animals.

The venerable Geo. R. French, Sr., of this city, was 80 years old last Tuesday, the 24th inst., and he celebrated the event the same evening by a social gathering at his residence, a large number of his friends being present.

The steamer *Clinton* was sold under a foreclosure of mortgage, a few days since, and purchased by Mr. A. C. Wessell for $400, who intends, we learn, to repair her and put her again on the line between Wilmington and Bannerman's Bridge.

Valentine Howe, foreman of Cape Fear S. F. E. Company No. 3, met with the misfortune of having his right arm broken, a few days ago, by getting it hitched in some of the machine attachments conected with the Messrs. Williard's cotton press. He is getting better.

Two insane patients, Clara Sidbury and John Tonner, were sent from the County Poor House to the colored Insane Asylum at Goldsboro during the past week, and Julia Moseley and Scilla Hall were returned greatly improved. Sarah McKinsey has been discharged from the Asylum as cured.

Capt. W. H. James, formerly of the firm of James & Brown, surveyors and civil engineers, is here looking after the improvement of the upper Cape Fear. He will remain at this point part of the time, and the other part he will spend in looking after the improvement of the Yadkin.

Burglars broke into the safe of Messrs. Newbury & Southerland, at Magnolia, Duplin county, on Sunday night last, and robbed it of funds amounting to about $600, besides a large number of valuable papers belonging to the firm and other parties. No clue to the robbers.

Dr. W. H. Moore, of Newbern, has a very large practice indeed, so that he has been compelled to purchase a horse and buggy to enable him to keep up with his business, he has now opened two places of business, one drug store and one dry goods; he has also just purchased a nice family residence. Dr. James Bruce, also another young Doctor of that city, is doing a very large business in the drug line and will open a branch house at Washington, N. C., next week.

MARRIED.

THORPE—BRINK—On Wednesday, January 25, 1882, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Dr. Bernheim, ROBERT T. THORPE to PENELOPE E., youngest daughter of Edwin R. Brink.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Greater Inducements.

TO

PURCHASERS OF GROCERIES!

MAY BE FOUND

At the Large Wholesale Establishment

OF

Adrian & Vollers,

AT

S. E. Corner Front and Dock Sts

Than can possibly be offered elsewhere.

AND IN THEIR STOCK!

WILL BE FOUND

Every Thing in the Grocery Line

That a Dealer or Consumer needs.

Selections for the Country Trade ample and superior.

Jan 29—tf.

OUR CONTINENT

"In that New World which is the Old."

A New Illustrated Weekly Journal,

Devoted to

LITERATURE, GENERAL INFORMATION, ART, SCIENCE AND HUMOR,

Conducted by

ALBION W. TOURGEE,

Author of "A Fool's Errand," "Bricks Without Straw," "Figs and Thistles," etc.,

Assisted by

DANIEL G. BRINTON AND ROBERT S. DAVIS.

Published Feb. 1, 1882. For Sale by all Booksellers, News Dealers and Postmasters.

TERMS: $4.00 a Year; $2.00 Six Months.

Published by

"OUR CONTINENT" Publishing Co.
Philadelphia, Penn.

WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY & LIVER CURE

THE LEADING SCIENTISTS OF TO-DAY agree that most diseases are caused by disordered Kidneys or Liver. If, therefore, the Kidneys and Liver are Kept in perfect order, perfect health will be the result. This truth has only been known a short time and for years people suffered great agony without being able to find relief. The discovery of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure marks a new era in the treatment of these troubles. Made from a simple tropical leaf of rare value, it contains just the elements necessary to nourish and invigorate both of these great organs, and safely restore and keep them in order. It is a POSITIVE remedy for all the diseases that cause pains in the lower part of the body—for Torpid Liver—Headaches—Jaundice—Dizziness—Gravel—Fever—Ague—Milarial Fever, and all difficulties of the Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs.

It is an excellent and safe remedy for females during Pregnancy. It will control Menstruation and is invaluable for Leucorrhœa or Falling of the Womb.

As a Blood Purifier it is unequaled, for it cures the organs that make the blood.

This Remedy, which has done such wonders, is put up in the LARGEST SIZED BOTTLE of any medicine upon the market, and is sold by Druggists and all dealers at $1.25 per bottle. For Diabetes, enquire for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE. It is a POSITIVE REMEDY.

H. H. Warner & Co.,
Rochester, N. Y.

For Sale.

A VALUABLE COLLECTION OF BOOKS by North Carolina authors, being a portion of the library of the late GEN. JOSEPH C. ABBOTT.

For List and Price address

MRS. JOSEPH C. ABBOTT,
Jan 1-tf Wilmington, N. C.

CHAS. KLEIN

Undertaker and Cabinet Maker.

All Orders promptly attended to.

The finest CASKETS, the best WORK and the most LIBERAL TERMS.

Shop on Princess between Front and Second. dec 25-6m

THE NEW FURNITURE STORE

OF

Behrends & Munroe

S. E. Cor. Market & Second Streets,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Would respectfully call the attention of Purchasers of Furniture to their stock of Parlor, Chamber, Dining, Library and Office Furniture, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Cornices, Lounges, Sofa Bedsteads, Cribs, etc., which is fresh and new throughout, and will be sold at wholesale and retail at Manufacturers' Rates to their citizen dec 25-6m

THE WILMINGTON POST.

W. P. CANADAY, Proprietor.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, JAN. 29, 1882.

The Charlotte *Observer* of the 20th instant has a communication over the signature of "Pickup," from Washington, D. C., dated the 18th instant. The following is an extract from it which concerns our Mr. Canaday:

"It has leaked out that Pennypacker promised Canaday $100 a month for withdrawing in his favor for the collectorship of the port of Wilmington. The matter has been called to the attention of the President and in the meantime Pennypacker's chances are growing beautifully less. No other candidate is mentioned for the place."

"PICKUP."

The lying dog who wrote the above, and the contemptable lying puppy who published it, have both been repudiated by all respectable people long since. No one except a man like Jones of the Charlotte *Observer*, who has been time and again denounced by the leading citizens of Charlotte would have allowed such a communication in his paper. And the whelp who sent it to Jones has been several times kicked by us.

Mr. A. H. Dowell, of the Raleigh *Chronicle*, was in the city on Wednesday last and paid us a visit. He speaks in high terms of his treatment by the Independents of North Carolina, and says the subscribers are coming in from all directions; and that he feels the paper is bound to be a great success. We were pleased to meet Mr. Dowell and we wish him success financially in his undertaking. The fact is, we should have more papers and our citizens should give greater encouragement to them. The people should be cultivated up to independence; we believe papers run on the independent order should be supported and the people should learn to think and act for themselves. When they do we would have better times and far better officials. We have no use for the man who votes as another tells him, without other and more substantial reasons, any more than we have for the infamous bull-dozer who would force every one to vote according to his dictation.

MUD SLINGERS AND SLANDERERS.

Certain parties are and have been for some time barking at the heels of our Mr. Canaday. Now we know very well where all these things spring from, and we desire to give the parties full notice that if these things continue we will have something to say concerning them; and when we commence we obligate to break the windows in some one's glass house.—We have the weapons and they are charged with such material that some one will get hurt. We shall make it political and personal.

We will publish a contribution from Mr. DuBrutz Cutlar in our next.

Too bad that Latham of the *New Ecrnian*, wont let us seek an office without exposing our weakness for the official teat. Too bad! too bad! Latham don't know us very well though, for we never were much on sackcloth and ashes, and we can prove that the knees of our breeches never had a hole in them, no more than Latham's. We usually strike pretty hard licks when we go in, and we never yet apologized. We never slander a man, and we must know a thing is true, or have what we believe is good evidence before we publish anything against a man's character.

TENTH REGIMENT.

Maj. James Reilly, of the Tenth Regiment of North Carolina troops, is living in this city and we have no doubt but the gallant Major would be glad to attend a reunion of two of the companies of his old regiment. We have had the pleasure of meeting several of company, "G" during the past week, who are living in this vicinity, and they are certainly in sympathy with the call. Beaufort would be a delightful place and the 26th of April would be an appropriate time to shake each others flesh over again.

The *Star* says it "will never agree to tax epsom salts 78½ per cent." &c., for the "*Star* in this fight means to stand by the people." If the literary editor of the *Star* really thinks that the people use epsom salts to cure meat and to put in bread, &c., we suggest he is mistaken. But, then, literary men cannot be expected to know about such things. *Raleigh News and Observer.*

Kingsbury, D. D., had better return to the pulpit or stage; he still has a hankering for the latter.

The Wilmington *Review* man received a postal card mailed at Germanton from a lady with no writing on the face of it. He thinks she forgot to write. Perhaps she was only tantalizing the card reading postmasters.—*Western Carolinian.*

The lady evidently meant to return the *Review* man the same amount of valuable matter that the editor of that sheet sends out daily.

The Kentucky House has passed a bill to repeal the test-oath law, which requires a person elected to office to swear that he had used no money or other improper influence to secure his election.

MALICE OR IMBECILITY?

The proverbs both of Solomon and Sokman have omitted to state that the breath of the fool can destroy the labor of the wise and the mighty. The wretch who fired the temple of the Ephesian Diana to give an immortality of infamy has had many imitators since his conflagration. Wilkie Collins says that there are instances where fools were not cowards; where they were not cunning; but that there never has been a fool who was not cruel. It is the supreme delight of folly to break down, to destroy, to belittle, probably following a dim consciousness that what is great and beneficent affords too glaring a contrast to itself.

The people of all sections of the Union have a common inheritance in the history of the movement for the independence of the thirteen colonies. The political sagacity of the Continental Congress, the military skill and patriotism of the leaders in the field, the naval heroes of the second war with Great Britain, are all matters in which all Americans take equal pride. There never has been a clash of interests, of ideas, traditions, attachments, prejudices, principles or faiths of the people of any sections of the Union, except upon the slavery question. This question has been long removed from the arena of controversy and relegated to history. The best people of all sections have a lively faith in the unity and stability of our government. The wounds caused by the slavery war have all well nigh healed. It is the object of the best people of all sections to remove all traces of real differences and make us a homogeneous and patriotic people. This consummation is being rapidly reached.

These rather obvious reflections arose from noticing the following in a recent issue of the *Morning Star* in an article entitled "Tourgee interviewed, and two other northern opinions." The word "they," which begins the extract, refers to all the people of the United States who are not southerners, and southerners:

They differ as to a hundred particulars, enough so as to be two distinct peoples. The ideas, traditions, attachments, prejudices, principles, faiths of the best people of the two sections are as unlike as those cherished by the French and English.

Surely the censorship of the press, which is believed to be an institution in the *Star* office, was relaxed when these sentences were allowed to go to the public. The censor needs be more careful. Although the people at home little heed what the Narcissus of the *Star* establishment may say or write, yet persons in other states may take his vagaries or drivel for the opinion of a representative writer, and thus the work [illegible] ordered by one of the objectionable class mentioned in the opening paragraph.

Prohibition—Again.

The combination formed between the Prohibition Bourbon Democrats, and Republicans, who last year, went over to the former, and yet desire success in a pet scheme, impracticable and unsuited to the people, and by them voted down, has been transferred to the halls of Congress, and being espoused by all Bourbonism, that body, headed by the delegation from this State, have organized for the political campaign in North Carolina next summer. The leaders in this cause having arranged their programme, the Sixth Collection district having the largest number of distilleries in the State, and the Collector, Dr. Mott, being an influential Republican, was first selected against which to direct operations by the assaulting combination, under the generalship of the Vances, Col. Armfield, Dowd & Co. To aid this purpose, the annual report of Commissioner Raum was thought to supply data sufficient to commence the onset, especially if strengthened by certificates, statements, if not oaths, of unworthy and inefficient employees, whom Dr. Mott, for good cause, had dismissed from the service. This class, perhaps, amounts to some dozen or more, and to find them, the Sixth district was raked, and the business worked up to the extent of securing the *testimony* of all mal-contents, who lost their positions simply because they were unworthy to hold them, and no injustice done them by the Collector.

Such is the programme of the Bourbons to carry the state, next summer, under a deception: "Prohibition—all big distilleries, no small ones—Bourbons to the front, and hold all the offices—poor people and negroes, take back seats." If not this, then what is it?—*Statesville American.*

"Revolutions never go backwards," and the one now in progress in this state, among the hardy and hard working farmers and mechanics, who, independent in circumstances, intend to be "independent" in casting their votes for men of their choice, hereafter, to make laws for them, is enlarging with each incoming and outgoing day, and by the next voting time its proportions will sweep over the state with the dimensions of a wild tornado; and woe be to the mere politicians who shall either attempt to oppose or ride upon the storm without a capacity to do either. Their mutulated forms, figuratively speaking, will strew the plains and public highways. The revolution is far reaching. It has taken deep root among the masses, and extends to former leaders as well, who feel inclined to forsake party obligations of the past and cast their lot with the "salvation throng," and unite with the party of liberal ideas and principles of free government for all. In this behalf, the people are moving in a grand advancement on the line of the greatest good to the largest number, with "none to make them afraid." Such is independence—such is liberty. Such are the principles of the party now formulating, with which all may unite. It is this new organization, that will induce old and tried leaders, to detach themselves from other parties, and cast their lot with a party of advanced ideas and liberality, not recognized in the offices concern which they forsake.—*Statesville American.*

JACKSONVILLE, ONSLOW CO., N. C., Jan. 21st, 1882.

Mr. W. P. Canaday, Editor of the Post:

DEAR SIR:—I cannot think that you would willingly misrepresent any one, even for the sake of a little political advantage, but the article in the POST of the 15th inst., does me, and I think others, an unintentional injustice when you say that the chairman of the county commissioners, the sheriff, the register of deeds, and the clerk of the superior court of this county, "have all promised to deal more liberally in the future with the colored citizens than they have in the past."

If such a promise of this kind was made by any one of the gentlemen named in your article I am not aware of it, and if such is the case it would be an admission on the part of the officers of this county, (or those who made the promise) that they have not heretofore dealt fairly, justly and honestly with our colored citizens.

I can answer for myself, and I think for the balance of the gentlemen named when I say, that *all* have been fairly dealt by, that officially there has been no improper discriminations, and that "every citizen, rich or poor, white or black, is secure in the free and full enjoyment of every civil and political right guaranteed by the constitution and the laws" in Onslow county.

Very truly yours, &c.,
A. C. HUGGINS,
Clerk Superior Court.

But, friend Huggins, colored men have never been placed in the jury list before, and you all promised that this should be done in the future when they were qualified. I was well pleased with the general conduct of the officials of Onslow on the day the convention was held. If the clerk of the court would have people believe from his letter that colored men have enjoyed their rights in the courts in Onslow county in the past, he would mislead them. *They never have enjoyed their civil rights in the courts of Onslow county.* And the promise to grant them this privilege in the future, which was made, is the promise I referred to and one Mr. Huggins quotes. The clerk of the court of Onslow county is too brave a man to see the weak imposed upon. There are men in that county who desire to continue in the old proscriptive policy, but we believe a very large majority of the good people, headed by such men as Gus Huggins are in favor of living for the future and not for the past. Granting to all men their equal civil and political rights *in fact* as well as in name.

EDITOR OF THE POST:—I am a Democrat; that is I have always voted that ticket, from the fact that I did not believe the Republican party was steadily to the southern people. I thought it was sectional, and being a southern man, and having fought in the Confederate army, I believed it to be my duty to stand by the party that had given us aid and encouragement during the war. But for the past twelve months I have been thinking more seriously of the matter, and on looking more carefully into it, and investigating the conduct of both parties since 1870, I have come to the conclusion that the Republican party is the party of the people, and the party that every man in this country can support, let him be a Union or Confederate soldier; white or black citizen; rich or poor in pecuniary affairs. Since the prohibition bill passed the legislature, which was two-thirds Democratic, we all have been convinced that it is in favor of class legislation. In future I shall act with the Republican party, not for office, for I want no office, no contract or any other reward, except to have liberal legislation for the benefit of the whole people, regardless of color or condition in life.

I am in favor of a mixed ticket in 1882 for Judges. Say one-half anti-prohibition Democrats and the other half Republicans, who will all act together for the people, regardless of party; who are in favor of a free ballot, a fair count, equal rights in the courts, liberal self-government, anti-monopoly and anti-prohibition.

And now, Mr. Editor, if you Republicans will join we anti-prohibition Democrats in running such a ticket, it will be elected by a very large majority.

With your permission, you will hear from me again on this subject.

ANTI-PROHIBITION DEMOCRAT.

JACKSONVILLE, N. C., January 17th, 1882.

HON. W. P. CANADAY:

EDITOR POST:—For the benefit fo the readers of you paper, please publish the following: The colored county convention, of Onslow county, recommended a colored state convention to be held in the town of Goldsboro on the 29th of March at 12 o'clock m., 1882. I notice in the issue of the 15th instant, that the 22d of February is used instead ot the 29th of March which your will please correct. We hope the colored citizens of the state will endorse our recommendation and call the convention.

Yours respectfully,
W. P. WILLIAMS.

It will be seen by the above card that the colored convention is to be held on the 29th of March, 1882, at Goldsboro, N. C.

TO PREVENT STICKS FROM RUST.—Immerse your composing sticks in a solution of carbonate of potash or soda, and you will no longer be troubled with a rusty stick.

From the National Republican.

The Irrepressible Movement.

It would not be easy to name a single southern state in which there is a reliably cohesive Bourbon majority. Throughout almost if not quite the entire south a consolidation of the anti-Bourbon elements would sweep that party from power, and in a number of states bury it under an overwhelming popular majority.

Strong as the solid south has seemed to those who have looked only at the surface, whose investigation has been confined to consolidated returns of so-called elections, its solidity has been lacking in all the elements of enduring strength. It was created and has been maintained by methods which the best men of the south have never approved. A very large proportion of those who have heretofore quietly acted with the Bourbons have had no sympathy with Bourbon ways, but have drifted with the tide against their better impulses, abhorring the brutality and contemning the intolerance to which they seemed to assent.

As in 1860 and '61 states were swept into rebellion by a few bold leaders against the judgment and wishes of majorities, so in these latter times the same class of leaders have been able to control communities and states in which, could a union of opposing elements have been effected, there would have been an honest acceptance of the results of the war, a fair chance for all citizens to enjoy their political rights, and as an inevitable consequence the citadel of Bourbonism would have been razed, never to rise again.

It is impossible in this country, in our day, for any party to long maintain ascendancy if its policy will not stand the test of candid avowal and free discussion. A policy that is generally denied, or, if confessed, is confessed reservedly and apologetically, has no cohesive quality. The Bourbons got power and have held it by practical annulment of the Fifteenth Amendment. By violence and by fraud the great mass of the colored voters of the South have been denied or deprived of a voice in local government or the National Legislature. This assertion is no longer liable to be contradicted by any prudent Bourbon. There are no events of our history more clearly established than the deeds of bloody violence and political rascality by which minorities in southern states have dominated majorities. The Bourbon system, as a temporary expedient, served the purposes of those who devised and used it, but such a thing could not last, for there was nothing in it that appealed to manhood or inspired enthusiasm. It antagonized the progressive spirit of the age. It said to the south: "We must shut out the light of freedom; we must be strangers to progress."

The example of Virginia was all that was needed to set in motion the influences that must be fatal to Bourbonism everywhere. As the elements of opposition to Bourbon rule were united in that State, and, thus consolidated, were found sufficient to control the election, so they will be brought together in other States; so they are now coalescing in many States, and so they will continue to combine and do the work that awaits such combination until nothing is left of Bourbonism but its bad record, its unfragrant memory.

The breaking of the bridge of a violin does not more speedily and effectually let down the tone of that instrument than the crashing of the Bourbon front in Virginia has subdued the haughty, insolent tone of that party in all the states where it has held away. When men fight for a good cause, when they feel that the sympathies of good men everywhere are with them, when they are sure that they are right, a defeat only intensifies their zeal. But the first great defeat of such a system as that on which the solidity of the south was based is accepted as the certain advent of irremediable ruin—the opening scene of a drama of merciless disaster.

The Liberal movement in Virginia has shown how confederates and ex-confederates, how whites and blacks, how ex-masters and ex-slaves, how the followers of Stonewall Jackson and Sheridan's troopers, how Democrats and Republicans, how old Whigs and their old opponents, how all men of all colors and conditions, when inspired by a single high purpose, can unite and fight against a common enemy.

The blacks of the south ask only their rights under the laws—a right to help make the laws and a guarantee that the laws shall not be made to oppress any class. We do not deem it necessary as a permanent arrangement that all the black men should vote on one side. All that we demand for them is that they shall vote as they please and that their ballots shall not be annulled by fraud. "All rights for all men" is the platform and the shibboleth of the Liberal party. Nothing can resist the inspiration of such a creed. It is the knell of Bourbonism. The theft of states, the larceny of congressional districts and of seats in the Senate will be impossible when, as has been done in Virginia, Democrats of influence unite with Republicans in a determination to have a free ballot and an honest count.

Light About the House We Live In.

The well-known author of "Medical Common Sense," Dr. N. B. Wolf, of Cincinnati, O., has just published a new book, called "More light about the house we live in!" which is attractively illustrated, and abounds in "*plain talk but true*," against swallowing drugs into the stomach, for any disease of the nose, throat or lungs. It is a wholesome little volume to read, and should be in the hands of every subscriber to the Post. Send ten cents to he Doctor and get a copy of it *free* by return mail.—Address as above.

All subscribers to the POST not receiving the same regularly, will please report the name to Mr. W. E. K. Sellers or at this office.

The death of E. A. Small, the well-known lawyer, recalls an incident o his trip to Europe last spring, well worth relating. Mr. Small went abroad for his health, accompanied by his son, a young man just reaching his majority. While traveling on the continent Mr. Small fell in with Sir Talbot Baker, of England, and party, and thenceforward their routes were made to join, so that an acquaintance mutually agreeable might be continued. Mr. Small has long been the warm friend of Gen. Grant, and was highly regarded by the latter. It happened that the Chicago lawyer had a letter from the General of a personal and friendly character, and in the course of some conversation with Sir Talbott Baker this letter was shown to the latter, and commented upon. After traveling for some weeks together, the party finally embarked at Constantinople on the steamer Vesta, of the Austrian Lloyds Line, for Trieste. Just after departing from Constantinople the son of Mr. Small was taken ill of typhoid fever. The captain and officers of the steamer were much alarmed, and called it typhus fever, which was considered of a malignant and contagious type. They were so apprehensive that they notified Mr. Small that they should be compelled to put his son ashore at Athens, the safety of the rest of the passengers and crew depending upon it. All appeals and protests were in vain, and Mr. Small and his English friend alike came away from an interview with the captain leaving him inexorable. Mr. Small felt that to put his son ashore at the place indicated, where care and medical skill could not be obtained, was equivalent to sacrificing his life, and took his stand at the door of his sick boy's room, declaring they must overpower him by force before they could remove his son in that condition from the ship. The port was almost reached when Sir Talbott Baker thought of one more appeal to make to the captain. He mentioned Grant's letter, which Small had shown him, and asked to take it. It was given, and Sir Talbot went with this letter to the captain. Mr. Small had no hope that any appeal would be successful, and, with almost grim despair, was standing guard at his son's bedside. What was his amazement, then, to see his English friend return in a few minutes with the captain, who entered the room, hat in hand, and bowed as if saluting an emperor. In one moment the anxious father was reassured. "Pardon me," said the captain, "for having given you uneasiness. The friend of the great soldier can command my vessel from bowsprit to rudder. You and your son are welcome on board this ship under all circumstances," and from that moment on to the end of the voyage every attention and kindness was lavished on the father and his son. The young man recovered, and Mr. Small always believed that his life was saved by that fortunate letter, and by the fact that, when bravery and generalship are honored, then the name of Grant is the synonym of heroism.—*Chicago Inter Ocean.*

"MONSIEUR LE MINISTRE," in press and shortly to be published by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, is a most extraordinary book, and will without doubt be as widely known here as in Paris, where it is said to be a pen and ink portrait of a Prime Minister of France, and where it has already passed through forty editions. Its merit is due not only to the extreme interest of its plot, but to its dramatic situations, its charm of style, and to its clear delineations of character, each individual being the type of a class. That this work is destined to as great popularity here as in France is very certain, for it describes scenes and persons with which we, unfortunately, are at home. The temptations and corruption of political life, are as marked in Republican America as in Republican France. Who that is familiar with life in Washington cannot point to some man whose brilliant prospects have been ruined, whose home has been destroyed by the wiles of some dexterous adventurers, whose punishment, however, has been neither as swift nor as sure as that which overtakes the Marianne of the ambitious politician, the meretricious artist, the weary journalist, and Vandrey himself, who starting in his career with high hopes and noble aims, falls through his weakness an easy prey to an unprincipled woman, are all characters drawn with inimitable skill, and leave an indelible impression on the minds of the readers.

A $20.00 Bible Prize.

The publishers of *Rutledge's Monthly* in the prize puzzle department of their *Monthly* for February offer the following easy way for some one to make $20.00:

To the person telling us which is the shortest verse in the Old Testament Scriptures by February 10th, 1882, we will give $20.00 in gold as a prize. The money will be forwarded to the winner February 15th, 1882. Those who try for the prize must send 20 cents in silver (no postage stamps taken) with their answer, for which they will receive the March number of the *Monthly*, in which will be published the name and address of the winner of the prize, with the correct answer thereto. Cut this out; it may be worth $20.00 to you. Address Rutledge Publishing Company, Easton, Pa.

Two Organs

Regulate first the stomach, second the liver; especially the first, so as to perform their functions perfectly and you will remove at least nineteen-twentieths of all the ill that mankind is heir to, in this or any other climate. Hop Bitters is the only thing that will give perfectly healthy natural action to these organs.—*Maine Farmer.*

How Oat Meal Is Made.

The rapidly increasing use of, and demand for, oatmeal is creating a corresponding inquiry for plump, heavy oats. Hitherto American oats have been too light and chaffy for making meal. The culture of this crop has been careless, and little attention has been given to improving the quality and weight of the grain. Scotch and Irish oats often weigh 50 to 55 pounds to the measured bushel. Of course we cannot hope to compete in our hot, dry climate with that of those places which is cool, moist, and admirably suited to the growth of oats. But as we sow we shall reap, and it has been satisfactorily proved that heavy seed sown will produce heavy grain for some years, and with good treatment—that is, with manuring liberally and with careful culture of the soil—the crop will deteriorate only very slowly. Our neighbors in Canada, produce oats of 45 pounds to the bushel, and oats have been grown here weighing 47 pounds to the bushel from seed of the same weight imported from New Brunswick. So that it is a question of seed and culture with the crop, precisely as it is with all others. If we desire to grow oats suited for making meal we have a market for the grain, and in any case a farmer should desire to grow heavy grain, although he may feed his product on his farm. As a hint toward this result, we give the following particulars regarding the manufacture of the oatmeal taken from the "American Miller:"

The first operation in the manufacture of the meal is the removing from the oats all cockle, small oats, and foreign seeds of whatever kind, for if any of these remain the quality of the meal is much injured. Black oats, if even of good quality, give a bad appearance to the manufactured meal, as it reappears in the form of black particles, which to the tidy housewife appears to be a something much more uncleanly. After the oats have been properly cleaned by sifting they are next subjected to the operation of drying. This is accomplished in dry kilns, with special apparatus constructed for the purpose. This operation requires some care to prevent the oats from burning. As soon as sufficiently dry they are removed from the kiln while still very hot, and stored in such a way as to have them retain their heat; after thus remaining three or four days, and hardening, they are ready for the shelling operation. This shelling is accomplished by passing the oats through millstones of a special pattern. The products which comes from the stones is groats, or the whole kernels dust, seeds, &c., and these must be separated; by means of a combination of sieves and fans the groats are separated from the other material, and are then ready for grinding. For extra quality meal the groats may again be shelled and also passed through a brushing machine. The grinding of them must not long be delayed, as a few weeks' exposure renders them unfit for for milling. In grinding the groat, the great aim is to avoid pulverization, and to have the granules cut square and of uniform size. Oatmeal is generally denominated by the cut—as pin head cut, rough cut, medium and fine cut—though these terms have different meanings in different districts. After the grinding the meal is passed through seives and the siftings graded according to size.

MME. ADAM.—LAIDE, (*An Ugly Woman,*) soon to be published by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, Pa., is one of the most exciting and charming books ever written. Its author is the famous Mme. Adam, Editress of the *Nouvelle Revue*, being the Republican Madonna of Paris, who is now commanding the attention of all Europe, and is about to visit St. Petersburg at the invitation of the Czarina. Her *salon* is the most popular and influential in Paris, as all the Ministers, all the Republican Generals, and all the Republican Journalists are assiduous at her receptions, the fair hostess being the especial friend and admirer of Gambetta. She is also very handsome, has chameleon-like eyes, always magical in their glance, a charming Grecian nose, a pretty mouth, full, witty and good-humored, an oval face, is slender, tall, brown-haired, and is said to have the most splendid arms and beautiful shoulders in the world, and is also the first *Soliciteuse* in France. A striking likeness of this wonderful woman will be in the book. Other books in press by this firm are: WINNING THE BATTLE, by Mary Von Erden Thomas, which is interesting and natural, and will be welcomed by all novel readers. MONSIEUR LE MINISTRE, by Jules Claretie, a political novel of France, and supposed to be a pen and ink portrait of Gambetta's life as Minister. MANON LESCAUT, by The Abbe Prevost, being the love of the infatuated Chevalier des Grieux for the volatile and inconstant heroine, and the book Dumas mentions and praises in "Camille."

Great is modern invention. A Massachusentts physician was called by telephone about 1 o'clock at night to attend a child suffering with the croup, two miles way. It was a dark and stormy night and the doctor rebelled at the idea of making the weary journey. However, he prepared to start, when just as he was leaving the house the thought struck him that he might solve the difficulty by the aid of the telephone. He requested the parents to bring the child to the telephone transmitter, listened intently to its croupy cough, prescribed a remedy, which was promptly administered, waited until he was informed in a short time that the patient had been relieved and then sought his couch, calling down blessings on the inventor of the telephone

The POST is only $2 00 per annum.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROCLAMATION.

SHERIFF HANGING!

I AM NOT THE SHERIFF, BUT I WILL do the handsomest

Paper Hanging

Of any man in the State. I have

Shades

Of all kinds and qualities. The prettiest in the market.

UPHOLSTERING

AND

REFITTING

Of old furniture done in the most substantial manner.

Carpets cut, made and put down.

TWENTY YEARS EXPERIENCE.

GOODS AND WORK GUARANTEED.

BENJ. F. WHITE,

Market between 3d and 4th street.
nov 6—tf

JOHN WERNER,

The Practical German Barber and Perfumer.

PERSONALLY IN ATTENDANCE AT HIS

NEW HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

No. 29, Market Street, Near Front,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Manufacturer of Parisian Brilliantine, Friction and Lunion. Also, Extracts, Colognes, Beautifier, Hair Oils, Tonics, Renewer, Renovator, Hungarian, Cosmetic, and Hair Dyes of Every Shade.

None but the best workmen employed by me. jan 9 tf

GLOBE SALOON!

16 Market St.

CAPT. JIM MCGOWAN WILL FURNISH the best Whiskey for the Money in the City.

Fine Cigars, Oysters, &c. Call and see him
oct 30-1y

Home Made Candy,

PURE AND WHOLESOME

All kinds Made Fresh every day] at

C. E. JEVENS',

Second St., 2d door below Post Office.
dec 19 1y

French Confectionary.

I am now prepared to furnish the finest and cheapest assortment of Confectionaries in town at the lowest prices. One thousand pounds of Gum Drops at 12½ cents per lb.

ZIMMERMAN'S,

Cor. Second and Princess Sts.

CLUB ROOMS.

SECOND STREET, BETWEEN MARKET AND PRINCESS STREETS.

FINE STOCK OF WINES, LIQUORS, Lager, and Budweiser Beer, Cigars and Tobacco. All sorts of Imported and Domestic Cheese, Marinette Herring, Cape River Oysters, &c., &c. Call and convince yourself. Respectfully,

dec 11 3m F. W. GUTMANN, Prop.

For the Holidays.

A FULL LINE OF

Goods for Christmas!

On hand, consisting in part of

ORANGES, LEMONS, CANDY,

APPLES, NUTS,

COCOANUTS, RAISINS, CITRON,

CURRANTS, PRUNES, &c.

Order early and avoid the rush and probability of detention.

ADRIAN & VOLLERS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

dec 24tf Cor. Front and Dock Sts.

THE WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, JAN. 29, 1882.

MR. VANDERBILT'S NEW HOUSE

The Palace that the Railway King has Erected to Spend the Remainder of His Day's In.

The new house of W. H. Vanderbilt, at Fifth avenue and Fifty-first street, has been completed, and is now occupied by the family. Friends will be formally received there this afternoon, when the first of a series of receptions will be held by Mrs. Vanderbilt. As the house possesses unusual attractions a description of its most striking features will be of interest. As has been known, the entire designing, both as to the exterior appearance and the finish of the interior, was intrusted to C Herter, of the firm of Herter Bros. Mr. Snook was Mr. Vanderbilt's architect in charge, who superintended the practical execution, and in that capacity contributed materially to the accomplishment of the undertaking. One of the most striking points in connection with the work has been the rapidity of its execution; what would, it is said, in any European country have taken from five to ten years to accomplish has been done here in a little more than two years.

The house is entered by the large vestibule which gives admission both to Mr. Vanderbilt's own dwelling and to those of his two daughters. The ceiling of

THIS VESTIBULE

is made of bronze and stained glass filled in with mosaic made by Facchina of Venice, after designs drawn in this city. The walls are of light African marble, surmounted by a frieze containing figures in mosaic. There are fixed marble seats, and the floor is of marble and mosaic. The doors leading to Mr. Vanderbilt's house are reduced copies of Ghiberti's famous gates in Florence, and were exhibited in the Paris Exposition of 1878 by Barbedienne. Passing through these, one finds himself in the private vestibule, furnished with a high wainscoting of marble and with three bronze doors, the one on the right leading to a small dressing-room; that on the left to Mr. Vanderbilt's private reception-room, and the third to the main hall. This hall extends to the full height of the house, and is surrounded on the upper stories by galleries leading to the different private living-rooms. A high wainscoting of English oak surrounds it. Square columns of African marble of a dark red color, with bronze capitals, support the gallery, and, facing the entrance, is a large and beautiful open fireplace, with a full-size bronze female figure in relief on each side, and a massive sculptured marble chimney piece.

THE DRAWING ROOM.

Carved oaken seats flank the door on the eastern side, which leads to the drawing-room. The paintings for the ceiling of this room, by Gallaud, of Paris, are now on their way to this country, the present ceiling of blue and gold being merely temporary. The woodwork is a mass of sculpture, gilded and glazed with warm tints. The walls are hung with pale blue velvet, embroidered with designs of foliage, the flowers and butterflies scattered through it being enriched with cut crystals, suggesting dewdrops and precious stones. The carpet, of a similar tone, which was manufactured in Europe from special designs made in New York, unites with the walls in giving a wealth of color and richness of effect. The lights are arranged in eight vases of stained and jeweled glass, disposed at the corners and at the angles of the large east window, and flanking the entrance door. Some of these vases stand on columns of onyx with bronze trimmings, while the lights in the corners are backed by mirrors and stand on black velvet bases—an arrangement which is designed to heighten the general effect of brilliancy, and at the same time to divest the room of any possible appearance of angularity or bareness. The door to the north connects the drawing-room with the library.

In the library the most striking feature is the inlaid work, on the woodwork, of mother-of-pearl and brass on mahogany and rosewood in a beautiful design of an antique Greek pattern. This work is handsome and striking. A table of similar work stands in this room, and the general furniture is all designed to correspond in style. The ceiling is frotted and has rich gilt-work and small square mirrors. Over the doorway to the west of the library hang heavy rich curtains, which separate it from Mr. Vanderbilt's private reception-room, which is fitted with a high mahogany wainscotting, with seats and bookcases of the same material and a massive mahogany ceiling. The walls and ceiling spaces are covered with stamped leather.

THE JAPANESE PARLOR.

To the south of the drawing room is a parlor. It is molleled and furnished entirely in a free Japanese fashion. The ceiling is of bamboo, with the rafters left exposed. A rich low-toned tapestry is covered in places with velvet panels. Around the room runs a low cabinet of Japanese pattern (to all appearance of Japanese lacquer, although it was made here) which contains innumerable shelves, cupboards, and closets. The whole is the work of men in New York, under the direction of Herter Bros. A large open fireplace, and a seat covered with velvet manufactured in Japan, add to the attractions of this apartment.

By the door leading from the west of this room, which is also successful as a screen resembling the Mizzo or Steechon [illegible], one enters the dining-room. This is in the style of the Italian Renaissance, and entirely distinct, in character of treatment, from the other rooms. It consists of an arrangement of glass-faced cases supported by rich consoles that rest upon a beautiful wainscot. The wood is English oak, of a rich, light brown or golden hue of great beauty; and, after a general impression of the room is received, and a closer examination reveals indicate carving, in different degrees of relief, on almost all surfaces of the component parts. The eliptical, arched ceiling is subdivided into small, oblong panels, carved in reliefs of fruits and foliage, modeled and decorated in various tints of gold. The spaces between the top of the wainscot and the ceiling at either end of the room, and the large central panel on the ceiling are filled with paintings by Luminals, of Paris, representing hunting scenes. The furniture is from special designs, and the coverings of the chairs are unusually rich and and handsome.

At the west end of the hall is the entrance to the picture gallery, which is also provided with a separate entrance from Fifty-first street.

The acquarelle room opens on this from the above by means of a balcony on the north wall. A balcony for music connects on the east with the gallery of the main hall, and on the south a similar one connects with the conservatory.

The main staircase leads from the north of the main hall, and is lighted by nine glass windows, by John La Farge, noticeable for the arrangement of color, and especially for the management of greens and blues. Most of the marble, particularly, that from Africa, has been especially imported, but the working and finishing have been done in this country.—*New York Tribune.*

Mrs. Partington Says.

Don't take any of the quack rostrums, as they are regimental to the human system; but put your trust in Hop Bitters, which will cure general dilapidation, costive habits and all comic diseases. They saved Isaac from a severe extrac. of tripod fever. They are the *ne plus unum* of medicines.—*Boston Globe.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

AT

M. M. KATZ'.

THE FINEST ASSORTED STOCK EVER brought to Wilmington, with all the latest Novelties and Shades in

DRESS GOODS.

Satin Marveilleux, Satin de Lyon, Rhadames, Surrahs, Brocades, Moire Antique, Camel's Hair, Silk Velvets, Plushes,

COLORED, BLACK AND ILLUMINATED CASHMERES,

Henriettas, Mohairs, Suitings, Alpacas and Plaids in endless variety, Passamenterie, Fringes and Trimmings White Goods, Housekeeping Goods,

DOLLMANS, CLOAKS, AND SHAWLS.

Men and Boy's Wear, Flannels, Merino Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets, Laces and Edgings,

CURTAIN LACES, CREPES,

STAPLE & DOMESTIC GOODS.

In fact everything desirable. Warranted to come up in price and quality, to any samples from retail houses North.

Call and save extra expense in buying from

M. M. KATZ,

36 Market Street.

dec 11-tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, NEW HANOVER COUNTY. } SUPERIOR COURT.

Thomas J. Southerland in behalf of himself and all other creditors of Mike Hooper, deceased, Plaintiff.

Against

Johnson Hooper, Administrator of the Estate of Mike Hooper, deceased, Defendant.

THE CREDITORS of the estate of Mike Hooper, deceased, are hereby notified that a Creditors' Bill has this day been filed by the Plaintiff against the Defendant, to recover a settlement of the Intestate's estate according to law. All creditors of the estate are hereby further notified to appear before the undersigned, at his office in the city of Wilmington, on or before the 1st Monday in any July, 1882, and file the evidences of their debts, and also the evidences of their claims, or they will be prevented from participating in the assets of said estate.

A. VANBOKKELEN, Clerk Superior Court, New Hanover County.

jan 29-6t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROF. MOORE'S

VALUABLE REMEDIES.

ANNOUNCEMENT TO MY FRIENDS,

WHAT I HAVE DONE AND AM DOING.

SEE CERTIFICATES BELOW.

I HAVE APPOINTED JACOB JOHNSON, Dock street, as my Agent in the city of Wilmington.

PROF. W. H. MOORE.

Prof. Moore's Tree of Life is a purely Vegetable Compound, remarkable for cleansing the System, Purifying the Blood, removing Fever, Hotness of the Skin and giving relief to all disorders of the body or system. For sale by Jacob Johnson, Dock Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Prof. W. H. Moore's O. K. Liniment, a certain cure for Pains and Aches, Cramp Colic, Rheumatism, Cuts, Sprains, Neuralgia, Toothache and Dyspepsia. For sale by Jacob Johnson, Dock Street, Wilmington, N. C,

Cancer and Scrofula remedy will be sent to any address by forwarding the sum of $4.00 to Prof. W. H. Moore's Headquarters. P. O. Box 563, Newbern, N. C.

Prof. W. H. Moore's Willing Salve is remarkable for curing Scrofula, Burns, Ulcerated Sores of all kinds, Boils, Scratches, Fish poison, Rotten feet, Corns, Bunions and Piles. For sale by Jacob Johnson, Dock Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Prof. W. H. Moore's Chill and Fever remedy, a certain specific in all cases of Chills, Ague and Fever or Billious attacks. For sale by Jacob Johnson, Dock Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Prof. W. H. Moore's Liver, Kidney and Consumption Pills are guaranteed to cure any disease arising from a disordered state of the vital organs, or contracted by a malarious condition of the atmosphere. For sale by Jacob Johnson, Dock Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Prof. Moore's Powders, Remarkable for removing Colds, Aches and Pains from the human race. For sale by Jacob Johnson, Dock Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Cancer and Scrofula remedies will be forwarded to any part of the country by sending the price, $4.00, to me at Newbern, N. C.

PROF. W. H. MOORE.

AT

GEORGE MYERS'

OLD STAND,

11 & 13 SO FRONT STREET,

CAN BE HAD

Delicacies

FOR THE

Christmas Table.

The New Liquor Department is the best in the State. The Choicest

SHERIES, BRANDIES, CORDIALS AND CHAMPAGNES,

Celebrated PONEY WHISKEY,

BLUE GRASS, and the new brand of Whiskey,

Between The Acts!

Don't fail to look at the fine display if LIQUORS,

FIRE WORKS AND FIRE CRACKERS!

MINCE MEAT AND PLUMB PUDDING,

And the Choicest

FamilY SupplieS!

Prices will suit as well as goods, at

11 & 13 SO. FRONT ST

dec 19

NORTH CAROLINA HOUSE,

J. D'STELLJES, - - PROPRIETOR.

CORNER SECOND AND PRINCESS STREETS.

CHRISTMAS IS AT HAND. KOCH, THE Bar-tender is always ON HAND, standing ready to serve the finest liquors in the state. A Restaurant attached, where the best the market affords can be found at all hours. The best of cooks and the politest waiters are the only ones we employ.

dec 11-1y

New Jewelry Establishment.

J. L. WINNER, NO. 3, S. FRONT Street, Wilmington, N. C,

Desires to inform the public that he is prepared to repair watches, jewelry and clocks, and will also be glad to do hard soldering work. Any work sent to him by mail will be promptly attended to.

apl 11-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

Richmond and Petersburg Railroad Co

COMMENCING Sunday, AUG. 28, 1881, trains on this road will run as follows.

LEAVE RICHMOND—SOUTH.

3:10 P. M., Fast Mail daily, makes through connections at Weldon for Raleigh, Goldsboro, Kinston, Wilmington, Tarboro, Rocky Mount, Louisburg, Franklinton, Henderson, Oxford, Durham's, Milford, Yanceyville, Greensboro, Salisbury, Statesville, Charlotte, Spartanburg, Greenville, Athens, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

11.50 A. M., Through Mail daily connecting with Seaboard Air Line for Augusta, Aiken, Savannah, Jacksonville, Stony Creek, Chester, Columbia, Augusta, Bluffton, on signal. Pullman Sleepers between New York and Charleston on through trains.

8:00 P. M., Express daily (except Sunday).

7:20 A. M., Freight daily (except Sunday).

LEAVE PETERSBURG—NORTH.

4:15 A. M., Fast Mail daily, stops only at Chester. Pullman Sleepers between Charleston and Milford, Va.

7:30 A. M., Freight daily (except Sunday).

3:30 P. M., Through Mail daily, connecting with Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad for Washington and points North and East, and with Richmond and Danville Railroad for Lynchburg, Danville, Greensboro, Charlotte, Atlanta and points South and Southwest. Also connecting with the Richmond and Ohio Railroad for the Virginia Springs. Pullman Sleepers on through trains. Express stops at Manchester, Chester and Coxe's only. Connects at Chester with train for Columbia. Pullman Sleepers on this train between Charleston and New York.

5:00 P. M., Freight, daily (except Sunday.)

A direct four hours connection is made between Richmond and Norfolk, by trains leaving Richmond 11.50 A. M. and Norfolk 12.25 P. M.

All trains leaving Petersburg will start from the Appomattox Depot.

SUNDAY EXCURSION TRAINS leave Richmond at 9.00 A. M., and 5.15 P. M. Leave Petersburg at 9.00 A. M., and 5.15 P. M., every Sunday.

T. D. KLINE, Superintendent.

A. POPE, G. P. & T. Agent.

June 26 tf

PETERSBURG R.R.Co

LOOK! LOOK! LOOK!

All Classes and Conditions Can Travel.

GREATLY REDUCED RATES ON THE PETERSBURG RAIL ROAD.

You can go from Ream's to Petersburg and back for 60 cents.

From Stony Creek to Petersburg and back for $1.25.

From Jarratt's to Petersburg and back for $1.85.

From Belfield to Petersburg and back for $2.55.

From Pleasant Hill to Petersburg and back for $2.85.

From Garysburg to Petersburg and back for $3.60.

From Weldon to Petersburg and back for $3.90.

Take care to ask the Agent at the Stations for the sort of ticket you want.

You cannot get the Round Trip Tickets on the Cars.

Get full information from the Agents, and notice the conditions and limits on your tickets; they will be strictly adhered to.

W. P. TAYLOR, General Ticket Agent.

Petersburg, Va., July 1st, 1881. jy 24-tf

FAST MAIL AND PASSENGER ROUTE TO THE NORTH AND EAST, VIA, THE RICHMOND, FREDERICKSBURG AND POTOMAC RAILROAD

Entire trains run through from Wilmington to Washington, via. this route without change.

Leave Wilmington, [W. & W. R. R.] daily at.....6.50 a m and 5.40 p m

Leave Richmond.....5 p m " 3.12 a m

Sunday excepted.

Arrive at Washington at p m and 1.10 p m, Sunday excepted.

Arrive at Baltimore at 11 p m, Sunday excepted. and 3.05 p

Arrive at Philadelphia at p m, Sunday excepted. m and 6.50

Arrive at New York at 6. m, Sunday excepted. and 10.05 p

Pullman Palace Sleeping cars on the 6.50 a. m, trains to New York, and on the 5.40 p m. trains to Washington.

W. P. TAYLOR, General Ticket Agent.

E. T. D. MYERS, Gen'l. Supt.

mch 21 tf

1882.

Harper's Young People

AN ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY—16 PAGES.

SUITED TO BOYS AND GIRLS OF FROM SIX TO SIXTEEN YEARS OF AGE.

Vol. III. commences November 1, 1881.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE.

The YOUNG PEOPLE has been from the first successful beyond anticipation.—N. Y. Evening Post.

It has a distinct purpose to watch intelligently adhere—that, namely, of supplanting the vicious pabulum for the young with a paper more attractive, as well as more wholesome.—Boston Journal.

For neatness, elegance of engraving, and contents generally, it is unsurpassed by any publication which has ever been brought to our notice.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

Its weekly visits are eagerly looked for, not only by the children, but also by parents who are anxious to provide pure literature for their girls and boys.—Christian Advocate, Buffalo, N. Y.

A weekly paper for children which parents need not fear to let their children read at the family fireside.—Hartford Daily Times.

Just the paper to take the eye and secure the attention of the boys and girls.—Springfield Union.

TERMS.

HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE, per Year, Postage Prepaid. $1 50.

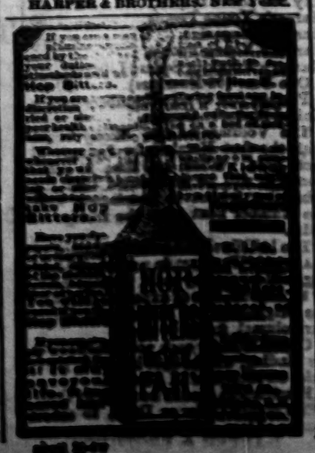
SINGLE NUMBERS, Four Cents each.

The Bound Volume for 1881 will be ready early in November. Price $1 00, postage prepaid. Cases for YOUNG PEOPLE, or 1881, 35 cents; postage 13 cents additional.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.



april 25-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

792 LOTS

ON

17TH STREET,

BETWEEN

MARKET & MULBERRY

STREETS.

Size, 30 Feet Front

BY

380 Feet Deep.

I WILL SELL THE

LOT OF LAND

On 17th St., between Market and Mulberry Strees in Lots of

30 by 80 Feet,

For one-fourth cash, balance in 1, 2 and 3 Years' time.

THE LOCATION

Of this Property is in the North-western part of Wilmington.

The Lots

Are high and level, and the fact that the City cannot tax them makes the investment more desirable.

LOTS

In other parts of the City, also, for sale.

Apply in person, or by letter, to

W. P. CANADAY,

Wilmington, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE METROPOLITAN HOUSE.

EUROPEAN PLAN.

Board and Lodging furnished $1.00 per day.

Meals at all hours—15 to 25 cents, as per order.

Oysters in season, and in every style.

Choice tables, furnished in everything the market affords.

The traveling public attended, and meals sent to any part of the city desired at short notice.

Polite and attentive waiters always in attendance.

Cart-yard also connected with the House.

Families furnished at their residences with meals, daily. Orders by Postal Card for meals received; charge, delivered, 20 cts. each.

RATES FOR FAMILIES.

One person, 2 meals a day, per week..... $2.75

" " 3 " " " " 3.25

Luncheon, in neat packages ..... 15 cents.

PROMPT DELIVERY.

We invite our patrons to examine our cooking department daily, as to its cleanliness, &c.

RICHARD WILLIAMS, (formerly of the National and Commercial Hotels) Caterer and Cook.

ROBERT JACKSON, Porter and Head Waiter.

Located in the centre of the City, on Market Street, between Second and Third, Wilmington, N. C.

JOS. C. HILL, Proprietor.

oct 30 tf

NASBY IN EUROPE.

May 14th Mr. D. R. Locke, (Rev. Petroleum V. Nasby) will sail for Europe, for the purpose of contributing a series of Letters to the TOLEDO BLADE. These letters will cover a period of six months, commencing June 1st.

They will be written in Mr. Nasby's peculiar vein, and will be as lively as he can make them.

THE

Toledo Weekly Blade

is the LARGEST Political and Family paper in the United States, and in addition to this feature, contains a dozen others, known to and approved by a majority of the families in every State and Territory.

TERMS.

For Three Months, post-paid, - 50 cts.

For Six Months, - - - $1.00.

NASBY PORTRAIT FREE.

Every subscriber to the BLADE, during the publication of Mr. Locke's European Letters, for either three or six months, will receive free of charge a splendid

PORTRAIT OF MR. LOCKE,

in size and style similar to the one of President Garfield which we issued last summer. This portrait in the picture stores would sell for 50 cts. It will not be put upon the market at all, and can only be had by subscribers to the BLADE.

Those desiring these letters complete and the portrait, will do well to send their orders early. We shall print an extra edition, to be able to send back numbers, but the supply will doubtless be exhausted in a month. Send your orders immediately.

Specimen copies of the BLADE mailed to any address upon application. Send your subscription at once. Address

BLADE CO., Toledo, O.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE CHEAP.

HOUSES AND LOTS

OR

BUILDING LOTS

IN DESIRABLE LOCATIONS.

Apply to

W. P. CANADAY.

HOP BITTERS.

(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

CONTAINS

HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION.

AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.

THEY CURE

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, (Prostration especially), Female Complaints.

$1000 IN GOLD

will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.

Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no other.

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

All above sold by druggists.

B. D. MORILL,

Undertaker, Carpenter and Cabinet Maker.

On Second Between Princess and extent Streets.

WILL FURNISH COFFINS, CASKETS, with dispatch, at the very shortest notice.

All orders from the country promptly attended to.

Orders for Carpenter and Cabinet Work executed, and with promptness.

Work on hand ready in the city.

dec 7-tf

Carolina Central Railroad Company.

OFFICE GEN'L SUPERINTENDENT } WILMINGTON, N. C., Dec. 30, 1881.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after JAN. 1, 1882, the following Schedule will be operated on this Railroad:

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN: DAILY.

No. 1 { Leave Wilmington.....8.20 P M / Arrive at Charlotte at.....5.30 A M

No. 2 { Leave Charlotte at.....10.10 P M / Arrive at Wilmington at 7.32 A M

Trains No. 1 and 2, stop at regular stations only, and points designated in the Company's Time Table.

PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Daily except Sundays.

No. 5. { Leave Wilmington at.....8:40 A. M / Arrive at Charlotte at.....7:55 P. M

No. 6. { Leave Charlotte at.....8:15 A. M / Arrive at Wilmington at...5:55 P. M

SHELBY DIVISION, PASSENGER, MAIL, EXPRESS AND FREIGHT.

Daily except Sundays.

Leave Charlotte.....8:00 A. M

Arrive at Shelby.....12:00 M

Leave Shelby.....1:00 P. M

Arrive at Charlotte.....5:00 P. M

Trains No. 1 and 2 make close connection at Hamlet with R. & A. Trains to and from Raleigh, and at Charlotte with Shelby Division Train.

Through Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Charlotte and Raleigh and Charlotte.

Train No. 1 makes connection at Charlotte with A., T. & O. R. R., for Statesville, connecting there with W. N. C. R. R. for all points on said Road.

Trains Nos. 1 and 5 make connection at Charlotte with A. & C. R. R. for Spartanburg, Greenville, Athens, Atlanta and all points beyond.

Train No. 6 makes close connection at Wilmington with W. & W. R. R. for points North.

Train No. 2 makes close connection with W., C. & A. R. R.

V. Q. JOHNSON, General Superintendent.

Jan. 8 tf

Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Company.

OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, Wilmington, N. C., Dec. 1, 1881.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after Dec. 1st, 1881, at 6:40 a. m. Passenger Trains on the W. & W. Railroad will run as follows:

DAY MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN Daily—Nos. 47 North and 48 South.

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot at.....6.40 A M

Arrive at Weldon.....12.50 P M

Leave Weldon.....3.37 P M

Arrive at Wilmington, Front St. Depot.....9.35 P M

FAST THROUGH MAIL AND PASSENGER TRAINS, Daily—Nos. 43 North and 40 South.

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot at.....6.25 P M

Arrive at Weldon.....1:15 A M

Leave Weldon.....6:00 P M

Arrive at Wilmington, Front Street Depot.....1:50 P M

DAY MAIL AND PASSENGER, Daily, No. 45 North and 42 South.

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot at.....1.00 P M

Arrive at Weldon at.....9.00 P M

Leave Weldon.....1.35 A M

Arrive at Wilmington.....8.15 A M

Train No. 40 South will stop only at Rocky Mount, Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia.

Trains on Tarboro Branch Road leave Rocky Mount for Tarboro at 7:15 P. M. Daily, and Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 2.15 A. M. Returning leave Tarboro at 9.00 A. M. daily, and Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5.50 P. M.

Train No. 47 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North Daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Bay Line.

Train No. 43 runs daily and makes close connection for all points north via Richmond and Washington. No. 45 makes close connection for Tarboro.

All trains run solid between Wilmington and Washington, and have Pullman Palace Sleepers attached.

JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't.

A. POPE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

dec 1-tf

GEN. SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Company.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 4, 1881.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE

ON AND AFTER NOV. 6, 1881, at 1.45 P. M., the following Passenger Schedule will be run on this road:

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN (Daily) Nos. 48 West and 47 East.

Leave Wilmington.....12.40 P M

Leave Florence.....3.30 A M

Arrive at C. C. & A. Junction.....4.30 A M

Arrive at Columbia.....6.40 A M

Leave Columbia.....10.00 P M

Leave C. C. & A. Junction.....10.20 P M

Leave Florence at.....2.00 A M

Arrive at Wilmington.....6.30 A M

Night Mail and Passenger train, Daily, No 49 West, and Day Mail and Passenger Train, No 43 East.

Leave Wilmington.....11.45 P M

Arrive at Florence.....3.15 A M

Leave Florence.....1.55 P M

Arrive at Wilmington.....6.15 P M

Mail and Passenger Daily, 42 East 45 West.

Leave Wilmington.....8.35 A M

Arrive at Florence.....11.40 A M

Leave Florence.....1.45 A M

Arrive at Wilmington.....4.50 P M

Trains No. 45 and 42 stops at all Stations. No. 49 stops only at Flemington, Whiteville, Fair Bluff and Marion.

Passengers for Columbia, and all points on C. C. & A. R. R., Atlanta, Augusta, Aiken Junction, and all points beyond, should take No. 48 Night Express.

Separate Pullman Sleepers for Charleston and for Augusta on Night Express.

All connections made between Charleston and Wilmington.

JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't.

A. POPE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

nov 4-tf

THE WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, JAN. 29, 1882.

Subscribers who may change their residences must, in their notice to this paper of such change, give their former as well as present address.

These persons who have given me their names as subscribers for the POST will please send the money at once.

JOHN H. WHITEMAN.

KINSTON, Jan. 26, 1882.

We arrived here at 5:10 P. M. and are the guests of Mr. Wiley Lowrey and Mr. Lewis Fisher. Mr. Lowrey is a brother of the Mr. Jas. A. Lowrey of your city, and is a leading gentleman here. On the evening of our arrival, after having retired with the hope of having a much needed night's rest, we were aroused from our dreams of home and loved ones, by the music of the Kinston brass band, which had come to do honor to our arrival. The band, though young, is equal to many of greater year's experience. Long may they live to greet the WILMINGTON POST.

We send you a splendid list of subscribers, mostly business and professional men, without regard to politics or color. J. H. W.

NEWBERN, N. C., Jan. 25, 1882.

Editor Wilmington Post:

By invitation, from some of our leading Republicans, to visit the city of Newbern, we boarded the train on Monday, Jan. 23d, and arrived here (Newbern) on the 8.15 train Tuesday morning. We found all the Republicans of the City of Elms, firmly united for the coming contest next Fall; and we can assure you that your independent stand, in favor of the rights of *all* our citizens, without regard to color, will be heartily endorsed; and that those white-washed Republicans who are fighting you, because of your determined will to defend the rights of the oppressed, will ere long wake and find that the ladder, on which they have so long climbed, will have been removed. These weak-kneed brethren will for the future be compelled to step down stairs awhile, and await the will of those whose rights have so long been trodden upon. The colored people mean business hereafter with these weak-kneed Republicans as well as with the Democrats. After hav ing been here a very few hours we were waited on by a committee of seven gentlemen, among whom was our highly esteemed stalwart Republican friend, Hon. John Randolph, bearing an invitation from the Oriental Pleasure Club to attend and participate in their second anniversary entertainment at Stanley Hall. We felt ourselves highly honored in having as our escort the distinguished Mrs. J. B. Brown, whose husband is one of the most refined gentlemen it has been our good fortune to meet. Mr Brown is also president of the Oriental Club, which club is composed entirely of the most select society, and none others are admitted. Eight o'clock P. M. found us at Stanley Hall's door. Everybody seemed awaiting our arrival. We would not attempt to describe the many good things to appease the appetite, but will simply say that every thing was grand, yes, superb. The ladies were most richly and handsomely adorned, and each gentleman appeared in evening dress. The waiters wore white gloves and each bore a small boquet. Time will not allow us to say more, in praise of our sister city.

J. H. W.

STATE NEWS.

Peas are up around Newbern.

Edenton has a barrel factory.

Hog cholera prevails in Davie county.

The Winston postoffice pays $1,500 a year.

North Carolina received 785 immigrants last year.

There is no small-pox in Goldsboro, Newbern or Weldon.

Washington county made 100,000 bushels of rice last season.

There were 85,000 tons of fertilizers sold in this State last year.

The entire line of the N. C. Railroad has been laid with steel rails.

Rocky Mount has raised $2,000 by subscription for its graded school.

Col. John D. Cameron will shortly be associated with the Asheville *Citizen*.

Tolsnot has 42 business houses and the first building was erected in 1873.

The Pasquotank Rifles of Elizabeth City have been presented with a handsome banner.

A store in Plymouth was recently burned by the explosion of a lamp. Loss $4,000.

Colored men are leaving many sections of the state for the turpentine sections further south.

The Milton *Chronicle* says that five men with capital could make Milton the Lowell of the south.

In the several departments of the National government this state has nineteen appointments to it.

The Elizabeth City and Norfolk Railroad is hereafter to be known as the Norfolk and Southern road.

Joseph Feldenheimer mysteriously disappeared from his home in Tarboro recently and has not since been heard from.

Poplar wood in the Albemarle section brings 10 dollars a cord. It is used by Northorn manufacturers for making papers.

Members of the Raleigh Bar met last week and adopted resolutions of respect to the memory of the late Judge Brooks.

The total number of orphans admitted into the Orphan Asylum to December 1st, 1881, was 528; number reported last year, 138; admitted since last report 50, making 188 present during the year. Adopted during the year 4, died 1, dismissed 43; leaving on the roll 140.

Washington *Press:* The prospect of extending the Elizabeth City and Norfolk Railroad to our town grows brighter, but in a great measure depends upon the action of our people in the matter. The company asks the right of way, with wharf privilege, and nothing more.

North Carolinian: The editor of our down town daily don't keep posted. The Elizabeth City postmastership *has* become a Presidential appointment and Col. Charles Guirkin has been nominated by the President. His first appointment was by the Postmaster-General.

News and Observer: The law requires the Treasurer to move for judgment against all delinquent sheriffs within 20 days after the second Monday in January. It is the purpose of the treasurer to carry out this requirement of law in every instance, as the law gives him no discretion whatever in the matter.

Goldsboro *Messenger:* The Elizabeth City and Norfolk Railroad builders have determined to come from Plymouth to Washington with their line, and it is said their next move will be in this direction. ——The attendance on the graded school is growing with each week, and the lower grades but recently relieved by the employment of two additional teachers are again being crowded.

At Graham, N. C., the new cotton mill just built by Capt. James N. Williamson, of that place, will start up about the first of March with 1,000 spindles and 100 looms. The factory building is on the most approved modern style of architecture for manufacturing purposes. It is two stories, with a tower three stories, 210 feet in length and 50 feet wide.

Rockingham *Bee:* Great loads of machinery for the Ledbetter cotton mills have been passing our door for several days past. This factory is on the Hitchcock, six miles east northeast of Rockingham, in a prosperous settlement of Industrious, moral people. Every new southern factory is so much gained, and will not only increase the population, but will add to the prosperity and welfare of the community in which it is erected.

Fayetteville *Examiner:* The county commissioners at their last meeting, apportioned the school fund among the different school districts of the county, allowing one dollar per scholar. The whole amount thus apportioned was $8,257. The whole number of children in the county of school age, is 8,267, of which 4,436 are whites, and 3,881 are colored. ——A transition from gayety to grief was witnessed at the house of Mr. Malcom McIntyre, near Long Street church, on Thursday last. Mr. Hector McIntyre had been married on that day, and the bridal party had arrived at his fathers, (Mr. Malcom McIntyre's) in the evening of the same day, where supper was served. Soon after supper, Mrs. McIntyre, the mother of the groom, was suddenly and without warning, stricken down with paralysis.

Roanoke News: Weldon needs more dwelling houses and stores. ——Much interest is taken in public schools in this county and we hope the schools will be much improved. ——Work is not progressing on the Scotland Neck branch road on account of the weather. The force is now engaged in building the bridge across Looking Glass Creek, about five miles from Scotland Neck. ——Northampton county sends seven students to Wake Forest College this session. ——The board of county commissioners met on Tuesday to discuss the advisability of taking some action to prevent the coming of smallpox into the county by some plan of compulsory vaccination, but the weather was bad and only three of the board were present. The board cannot express themselves to cold, even when so great a thing as the health of the county is at stake. What care they whether smallpox comes into the county or not, so they are warm and comfortable?

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

January 21.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 51 cents per gallon, with sales of 50 casks only at that figure.

ROSIN.—Market steady at $1 95 for Strained and $2 00 for Good Strained, with sales as offered.

TAR.—Market firm at $2 30 per bbl of 280 lbs, with sales at quotations, being an advance of 10 cents on last reports.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm at $2 50 for Hard, $4 25 for Yellow Dip and $3 40 per bbl for Virgin, a reduction of one-fifth on Virgin. Sales at quotations.

COTTON.—Market firm, with sales reported of 250 bales on a basis of 11¼c. The following were the official quotations of the day:

Ordinary,	8 13-16	cts ₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	10 3-16	" "
Low Middling	11 1-16	" "
Middling,	11¼	" "
Good Middling	11⅞	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	348 bales
Spirits Turpentine	110 casks
Rosin,	1935 bbls
Tar,	179 bbls
Crude Turpentine.	347 bbls

January 23.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 51 cents per gallon, with sales of 100 casks at that price, closing steady.

ROSIN.—Market steady at $1 95 for Strained and $2 00 for Good Strained, with sales of 500 bbls. Good Strained reported at quotations.

TAR.—Market firm at $2 40 per bbl of 280 lbs, with sales at quotations, being an advance of 10 cents on last reports.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm at $2 50 for Hard, $4 25 for Yellow Dip and $3 40 per bbl bid for Virgin; a reduction of one fifth on Virgin. Sales at quotations.

COTTON.—Market firm, with sales reported of 400 bales on a basis of 11¼c. The following were the official quotations of the day.

Ordinary,	8 13-16	cts ₱ lb
Good Ordinary	10 3 16	" "
Low Middling,	11 1-16	" "
Middling,	11¼	" "
Good Middling.	11⅞	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	796 bales
Spirits Turpentine,	248 casks
Rosin,	3245 bbls
Tar,	355 bbls
Crude Turpentine.	1323 bbls

January 24.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market dull at 51c per gallon, with nothing doing.

ROSIN.—Market quiet at $1 95 for Strained and $2 00 for Good Strained, with no sales to report.

TAR.—Market steady at $2 40 per bbl of 280 lbs, with sales at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Irregular at $2 50 for Hard, $2 75 to $4 25 for Yellow Dip and $3 00 to $3 40 per bbl for Virgin; a reduction of one-fifth on Virgin.

COTTON.—Market dull, with sales of only 20 bales reported on a basis of 11¼c. The following were the official quotations of the day:

Ordinary,	8 13-16	cts ₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	10 3-16	" "
Low Middling,	11 1-16	" "
Middling,	11¼	" "
Good Middling.	11⅞	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	873 bales.
Spirits Turpentine,	175 casks.
Rosin,	3,078 bbls.
Tar,	473 "
Crude turpentine.	142 "

January 26.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market opened dull at 50½c per gallon, and later a small sale of 10 casks was effected at 50c, at which figure the market closed firm.

ROSIN.—The Market was quiet at $1 95 for Good Strained, with no sales to report.

TAR.—Sales reported at $2 35 and later at $2 25 per bbl of 280 lbs, closing dull at the latter price.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market irregular, with sales at $2 50 for Hard, $3 75 to $4 25 for Yellow Dip and $3 00 to $3 40 per bbl for Virgin; a reduction of one-fifth on Virgin. At the close we hear lots were offered at $2 50, $4 25 to $3 40 without buyers.

COTTON.—Quiet and steady, with sales reported of 500 bales on a basis of 11¼c per lb. for Middling. The following were the official quotations of the day:

Ordinary,	8 13-16	cts ₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	10 3-16	" " "
Low Middling,	11 1-16	" " "
Middling	11¼	" " "
Good Middling.	11⅞	" " "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	495 bales
Spirits turpentine,	127 casks
Rosin,	1950 bbls
Tar,	690 "
Crude turpentine.	198 "

January 27.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened dull at 50½c per gallon, and later 400 casks changed hands at 50 cents, closing firm at the latter price.

ROSIN.—The market was dull at $1 95 for Strained and $2 00 for Good Strained, with no sales to report.

TAR.—Market steady at $2 00 per bbl of 280 lbs, being a decline of 25 cents since last reports.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market irregular, with sales at $2 50 for Hard, $3 75 to $4 25 for Yellow Dip and $3 00 to $3 40 per bbl for Virgin; a reduction of one-fifth on Virgin. The sales (of 52 bbls.) at highest prices was made in the afternoon.

COTTON.—The market was steady, with sales reported of 550 bales on a basis of 11¼c per lb. for Middling. The following were the official quotations of the day:

Ordinary,	8 13-16	cts ₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	10 11 16	" "
Low Middling,	11 1-16	" "
Middling,	11¼	" "
Good Middling.	11⅞	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	284 bales
Spirits turpentine	149 casks
Rosin	3012 bbls
Tar,	378 bbls
Crude turpentine	497 bbls

January 28.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 50 cents bid. No sales.

ROSIN.—market dull at $1 95 for Strained and $2 00 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Steady at $2 00 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Steady at $2 50 for Hard, $3 75 for Soft and $3 00 for Virgin, being a reduction of one-fifth on the latter grade.

COTTON.—The market was steady, with sales reported of 150 bales on a basis of 11¼c per lb for Middling. The following were the official quotations:

Ordinary,	8 13-16	cts ₱ lb
Good Ordinary	10 3-16	" "
Low Middling,	11 1-16	" "
Middling,	11¼	" "
Good Middling.	11⅞	" "

January 28.

TIMBER.—We hear of sales during the week at the following prices: Common sappy $5, Common Fair Heart $6 50@$7 00, Fair Mill $8@$9, Prince Mill $10@$12, Extra Mill $12@$14, Extra Large Yellow Pine $14@$15.

1882.

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Harper's Magazine	$4 00
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1882.

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1882.

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The three above publications,	10 00
Any two above named,	7 00
Harper's Young People,	1 50
Harper's Magazine, } Harper's Young People, }	5 00
Harper's Franklin Square Library, One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

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The Volumes of the *Weekly* begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of order.

The last Twelve Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 each.

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WOLFE BROTHERS & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT,
PETERSBURG RAILROAD COMPANY,
PETERSBURG, VA., May 12, 1881.

COMMENCING SUNDAY, MAY 15TH, 1881, Trains on this Road will run as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

BOSTON AND SAVANNAH FAST MAIL.

Leave Petersburg daily (Wash'n st. depot) at ..... 4.00 P. M
(Stops only at Bellfield.)
Arrive at Weldon at ..... 8.45 P. M

NEW YORK EXPRESS.

Leave Petersburg daily (Wash'n st. depot) at ..... 12.07 P. M
Arrive at Weldon at ..... 8.17 P. M

FREIGHT.

Leave Petersburg daily (except Sunday) at ..... 10.30 A. M
Arrive at Weldon at ..... 3.30 P. M

GOING NORTH.

BOSTON AND SAVANNAH FAST MAIL.

Leave Weldon daily at ..... 1:15 A. M
Arrive at Petersburg at ..... 5.30 A. M

NEW YORK EXPRESS.

Leave Weldon daily at ..... 1.10 P. M
Arrive at Petersburg at ..... 5.36 P. M

FREIGHT.

Leave Weldon daily at 4.30 P. M., except Sunday.
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R. M. SULLY, Gen'l Supt.
W. P. TAYLOR, Gen'l Ticket & Pass't Agt.
W. J. BROWN, Dispatcher of Trains
may 28-tf

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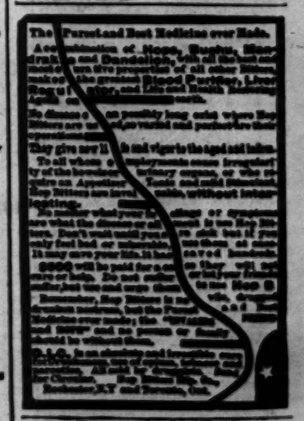
november 20—tf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UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE,
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January 9, 1882.

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Blank forms, specifications and information can be had on application to this office, or of Mr. HENRY BACON, Wilmington, N. C.

WM. P. CRAIGHILL,
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jan 15-tf

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